LESSON TOPICS

1. Summer Fire Awareness

2. Fire Danger Signs

3. Getting Ready Early

SUMMER FIRE SAFETY LESSONS FOR YEARS 3& Y

OVERVIEW

These fire safety lessons include an introduction to bushfire safety. It outlines how students can prepare themselves to be ready during the summer fire season. Being fire ready includes reading fire danger signs and acting on cues such as Fire Danger Ratings and Total Fire Ban signs in the students' own location. Students are taught the different Fire Danger Ratings, what each level means, and what activities they can and cannot do on days of Total Fire Ban. They will also learn about bushfire survival plans.

WHAT YOU WILL NEED

- Copies of Spot the Summer Fire Hazards worksheet
- A copy of the Fire Weather Districts poster
- Coloured pencils

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- **OPTIONAL MATERIALS**
- For more information on the Fire Danger Ratings and Total Fire Bans, see the

CURRICULUM CONNECTIONS

This content has been mapped to the Victorian Curriculum. The Victorian Curriculum F-10 incorporates the Australian Curriculum and reflects Victorian priorities and standards.

Civics and Citizenship	Level 3 and 4 Distinguish between rules and laws and discuss why rules and laws are important
Geography	 Levels 3 and 4 Represent data and the location of places and their characteristics by constructing tables and simple graphs and maps of appropriate scale that conform to cartographic conventions of border, scale, legend, title and north point Elaboration making a plan of the classroom or home, using pictorial symbols Collect and record relevant geographical data and information from the field and other sources

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SUMMER FIRE SAFETY LESSONS FOR YEARS 3 & Y

SUMMER FIRE AWARENESS

1. What is a bushfire?

Introduce the topic by asking students, **'Who knows what a bushfire**, **grassfire or coastal scrub fire** (use the appropriate term for your location) **is?'** Once they have explored this, offer this explanation: a bushfire is a freely burning, uncontrolled and unplanned fire which needs to be extinguished especially if it is threatening houses or people. If it is windy, bushfires can spread very quickly.

2. How do they start?

Ask students, **'How do these fires start?'** After they have had a chance to offer their explanations, let them know that fires happen in hot dry weather and can be caused by dry lightning storms, fallen powerlines or human activity such as out-of-control campfires, sparking angle grinders or arson. Fires can happen anywhere (in country areas as well as in the suburbs) but they happen more often in vegetated areas, or in areas where there is lots of dry grass, paddocks, parkland or coastal scrub.

3. What are the different fire types?

Explain that there are different types of fires:

- Grassfires that burn quickly through fine fuel
- Bushfires burn very hot with both fine and heavy fuels
- Coastal scrub fires very hot fires fanned by ocean winds

Spot fires are small fires that happen ahead of the main fire front, due to burning pieces of bark, leaves or twigs (which are known as embers) being picked up by winds.

4. What are the impacts of bushfires?

Ask students **'What are the things that could happen in a bushfire?'** Make a list of them on the whiteboard. Prompt them with some possible impacts, such as – potential loss of life (people, pets and livestock); houses and properties being damaged or destroyed; and environmental damage to parklands and forests. Not all fires are considered to be bad, as much of the native Australian vegetation needs fire to regenerate.

5. Activity

Hand out copies of *Spot the Fire Danger* Activity worksheet. Tell students they should circle what they think the fire hazard is in the picture, and write down how to deal with the hazard. After they have finished, get them to help you identify each hazard and a preventative measure as you write it on the whiteboard. Make sure everyone fills in their own worksheets.





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SUMMER FIRE SAFETY LESSONS FOR YEARS 3 & Y







t a fire starting and what activities are banned. re legal restrictions which if broken can be ed with large fines and imprisonment.

> CK THE SIGNS. KNOW WHEN TO GO. vic.gov.au | VicEmergency Hotline 1800 226 226



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FIRE DANGER SIGNS

50 MINUTES

1. Fire Danger Signs

During the summer fire season, it is important for us to be aware of the Fire Danger Rating and Total Fire Ban signs. Ask students **'Does anyone know what these signs look like?'** Explain that these signs help us to prepare by letting us know what the fire conditions will be like on a particular day.

2. Fire Weather Districts

Using the *Know Your Fire Weather Districts* poster, explain that it is important to know which district they live in as each area can have different Fire Danger Ratings and warnings. Using a separate map of Victoria, show them where the school is. Placing it beside the poster, ask them, **'Do you know which district you live in and go to school in?'**

3. Fire Danger Ratings

Using the *Fire Weather Districts* poster, show students the Fire Danger Ratings sign. Explain that the Fire Danger Rating scale predicts how dangerous a fire could be if it starts on that day. The Fire Danger Ratings also predict how dangerous it would be for firefighters to put out fires. Ask students, **'What do you think the**



colours mean?' Talk through each colour and explain the corresponding danger level. You can use the information on <u>CFA's website</u> or their downloadable *Fire Ready Kit* to help you. **Catastrophic** is the highest Fire Danger Rating. Explain that if this occurs, and you live in a bushfire risk area, you should leave early that day or the night before.

4. Total Fire Bans

Use the *Fire Weather Districts* poster to show students the *Total Fire Ban* sign. Explain that a Total Fire Ban is declared on days of increased fire risk. A fire risk day is a day when there are hot, dry, gusty winds, which dry out fuels, and can cause a fire to spread quickly. A Total Fire Ban can be in place for individual districts or the whole state. The Total Fire Ban also restricts what activities



you can and cannot do on fire risk days. Ask the students, **'What things** shouldn't you do on a fire risk day.' Prompt with examples such as – having a barbecue, using an angle grinder, or lighting a campfire. Further information is available on <u>CFA's website</u>.

5. Other ways we are warned of a fire

We can receive warnings of fire danger in other ways, such as on the local radio; on the television news; on the CFA, VicEmergency and other fire agencies' websites; and also from people in our local communities. Explain that each of these ways help us keep well informed and ready to act during the fire season.

Note: For more information on the Fire Danger Rating scale, or Total Fire Bans, you can refer to the CFA *Fire Ready Kit* on the <u>CFA website</u>.



SUMMER FIRE SAFETY LESSONS FOR YEARS 3 & Y

GETTING READY EARLY

45 MINUTES

1. Preparing for a Fire

Explain that fires can start and spread very quickly so people need to be prepared to leave the area early. This is especially important in summer because of the hot, dry weather. Emphasise that the safest way for them to protect themselves against a fire, is if they are prepared early and know what to do. Ask the students, **'What are some ways we can prepare for a fire?'** Provide some examples of ways to prepare such as:

- Keeping properties tidy, maintainting grass, leaves, or wood
- Having a Bushfire Survival Plan
- Leaving early on fire risk days

2. Bushfire Survival Plans

Having a Bushfire Survival Plan is a good way for everyone to be ready for the fire season. Ask students **'What do you think a Bushfire plan is?'** Explain that every family will have a different plan because we all live in different houses and different areas, but some things their plan should include are:

- Their trigger for enacting their plan based on the Fire Danger Rating
- Knowing when their family should leave their home early in the morning or the night before
- Knowing which safe place their family will go to a friend or family member's house in a safer area
- Listing what things you will take with you, what is important to you, and what to bring for your pets or livestock
- Pre-packing important items in an Emergency Kit

3. Activity

Suggest your students draw an outline of their house and property on a piece of paper. Tell them to walk around and note any potential fire hazards around their home, or on their property, on this drawing. Tell them to discuss what they find with their family and decide what they could do to protect their homes and make them more fire safe.

Note: For more information on preparing for a fire, leaving early and Bushfire Survival Plans you can refer to the *CFA Fire Ready Kit* available at <u>cfa.vic.gov.au</u>.





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SPOT THE FIRE DANGERS

Can you spot the 8 hazards? Write down each hazard and what you think this family should do to keep their house safe.



1:	
2:	
6:	
7:	



SPOT THE FIRE DANGERS

ANSWER SHEET



- 1: Branches touching the house. Branches overhanging the house should be cut
- 2: Leaves in the gutters. Gutters should be cleaned
- 3: Long grass. Grass should be kept trimmed
- **4:** Firewood stacked against the house. Firewood should be stored away from the house
- 5: Piles of leaves in the garden. Leaves should be collected and placed in the compost bin
- **5: Doormat in front of door.** The flammable doormat should be replaced with a steel grate
- 7: Broken wooden fence. The fence should be repaired or replaced with a steel wire fence
- 8: **Fuel stored in front of garage.** Fuel should be stored under cover in the garage

*Get the students to talk to their families about these points.

KNOW YOUR FIRE WEATHER DISTRICT





Total Fire Bans tell you what you can and can't do to prevent a fire starting and what activities are banned. They are legal restrictions which if broken can be penalised with large fines and imprisonment.



Fire Danger Ratings (FDR) tell you how dangerous a fire would be if one started – the higher the rating, the more dangerous the conditions. Check your district's rating every day during summer. The rating is your trigger to act.